Amendments to the claims:

Claims 1-16: (canceled)

17. (new) A method for detecting knock in an internal combustion engine with multiple cylinders, comprising the following steps:

detecting knock in a selected one of the multiple cylinders when a detected and produced knock signal of the selected cylinder exceeds a reference level, wherein the reference level changes as a function of a sound level of the internal combustion engine, wherein an increase of the reference level is limited in consideration of a sound level of another one of the multiple cylinders or a sound level of all cylinders.

- 18. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein limiting of the increase of the reference level takes place in consideration of a gradient, wherein said gradient is a measure of the change of the reference level.
- 19. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein the increase of the reference level is limited when a cylinder-specific determined new reference level lies outside of a reference level range, wherein said reference level range is formed depending on the sound level of a single cylinder or all cylinders.

- 20. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein the increase of the reference level is defined when a cylinder-specific, determined new reference level is greater than a predetermined value and said predetermined value is derived from a part of said sound level produced by a single cylinder or all cylinders.
- 21. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein the increase of the reference level is limited when a gradient of a sound increase is greater than a predeterminable value.
- 22. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein a band range for limiting the reference level increase is determined from an average of the reference level of a single cylinder or of all cylinders plus an applicable threshold.
- 23. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 227, wherein a threshold for gradients is formed from an average value of gradients of a single cylinder or all cylinders plus an applicable further threshold.
- 24. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 17, wherein said number of said cylinders does not consist of all cylinders but only those cylinders satisfying a predetermined cylinder selection criterion.

- 25. (new) The method for detecting knock according to claim 24. wherein said predetermined cylinder selection criterion for each of said cylinders is based on a magnitude of a contribution to said sound level of the internal combustion engine from each of the cylinders.
- **26**. (new) The method for detecting knocks according to claim 24, wherein the cylinders are divided into groups, one of said groups including cylinders generating a greatest amount of sound and another said groups including cylinders generating a least amount of sound.
 - 27. (new) A device for detecting knock, comprising:

at least one processor, wherein the device is a component of a control unit of an internal combustion engine, wherein the device performs the method as defined in claim 17.